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**"DO WHAT HAS TO BE DONE"**

CPF 0037-14-CID361-9H-Twitter\*

5 December 2014

## Configuring Twitter for a More Secure Social Networking Experience

### Basic Notes About Twitter Configuration

Twitter is an integral thread in the fabric of the Internet. Assume that if it is posted on Twitter, it is also posted on the Internet and the world will be able to see it. Therefore, do not post anything to any social media site that you do not want the world to know.

Assume that once it is posted to Twitter, and by extension the Internet, no amount of effort will eliminate it from Twitter or the Internet. The Internet does not forget. Also, there are least several sites that scrape Twitter content and keep copies of Tweets and images posted with those Tweets.

Twitter is an open platform. Participation is open to everyone with access to an Internet connection and an email address. Anyone, whether they have a Twitter account or not, can read posted Tweets unless the person posting the Tweets has configured their account to make their Tweets private.

### Images on Twitter

Posting images on Twitter is generally a bad idea and should be avoided. Digital images frequently contain metadata. Although some social networking sites strip off image metadata during the upload process, Twitter does not. Image metadata can contain considerable information such as: the location where the image was captured (accurate to within a few feet), the date and time the image was captured, the make, model and serial number of the camera that captured the image, and more.

### Twitter User Identities

Twitter does not vet their users. Although users are, by Twitter rules, required to use real information when they register for an account, Twitter does not verify any of that information. The extent of the verification is that someone at the email address associated with the account clicked a verification link in a received email sent by Twitter.

Later, you will see how to change settings so that you can decide who follows you. Once that setting is complete, do not accept as followers anyone you do not know or cannot verify. Social engineering is common on the Internet. Given that Twitter does not vet users, the person you think you are accepting as a follower may not be who they purport to be and could be someone trying to access personal information about you.

\* This Twitter configuration guide is an addendum to CID Crime Prevention Flyer [CPF-0037-14-CID361-9H](#)

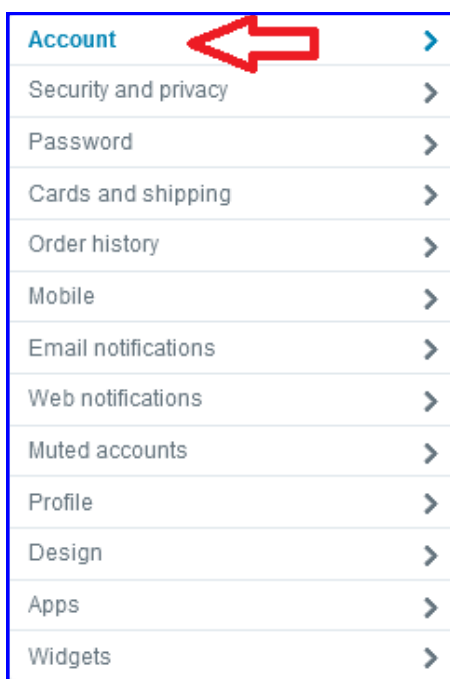
## General Account Settings

Account settings are available by clicking the Twitter Egg in the upper right side of the Twitter command bar. Clicking the Twitter Egg opens the **Account Configuration** menu.

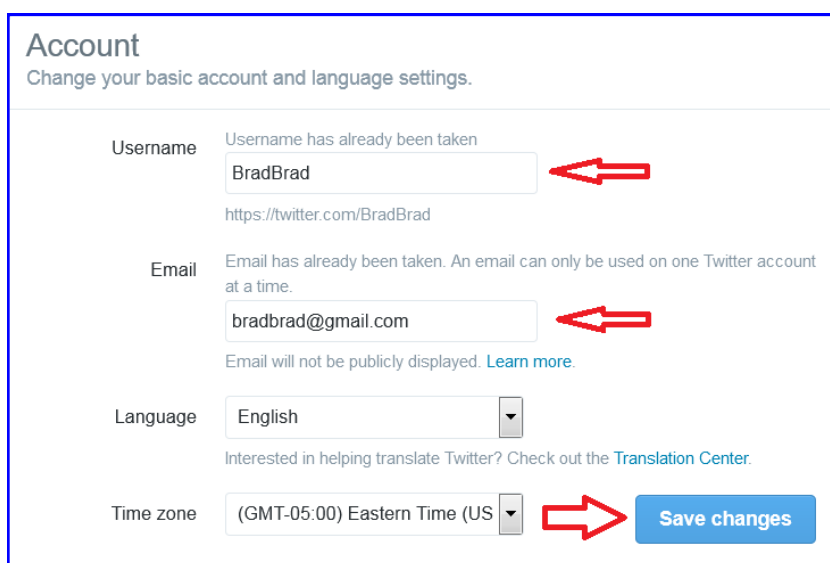
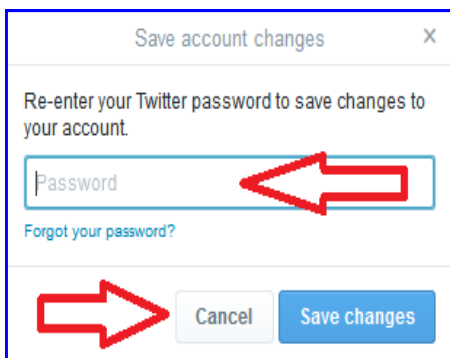


### Email

This is where you change your email address if the address you registered with Twitter is disabled or retired for any reason. Twitter's policy is that the email address is not displayed. Testing indicates this is true; however, depending upon email settings covered under **Security and Privacy**, it may be possible for people to locate your Twitter profile using just your email address.



1. From the **Settings** menu click **Account**.



2. Make changes as you feel appropriate
3. Click **Save Changes**.

***An email address can be associated with only one Twitter account at a time.***

4. Enter your password and click **Save Changes**.

Twitter will send an email message to the new address confirming the change. Check your email and follow included instructions.

Confirming your account will give you **full access to Twitter** and all future notifications will be sent to this email address.

Confirm your account now



5. Click **Confirm your account now**.

## Passwords

Passwords, secret elements of authentication, are on the front line of defense preventing people and automated tools (e.g., password crackers) from illegally accessing your online accounts. Therefore, your choice of password and the frequency with which you change it are important security considerations.

A password, however, need not be limited to a word. It can be a passphrase. A passphrase is a string of characters that forms a phrase. An example passphrase might be, "The song remains the same" or "I'll see you on the dark side of the moon." Passphrases are generally easier to remember than are complex passwords and are more likely to survive a dictionary attack than a single password.

Guidelines for passwords to avoid, especially if you are a public figure or in a situation where much of your personal information might be in the public domain, include:

- Your name or any permutation of your name
- Your user ID or any part of your user ID
- Common names
- The name of any relative, child, or pet
- Your telephone number, social security number, date of birth, or any combinations or permutations of those
- Vehicle license plate numbers, makes, or models
- The university you attended
- Work affiliation
- The word "password" or permutations including "password" prefixed or suffixed by numbers or symbols
- Common words from dictionaries, including foreign languages or permutations of those words
- Names or types of favorite objects
- Repeating patterns of digits or numbers or sequences of characters found on keyboards

Account >  
Security and privacy >  
Password <  
Payments and orders >  
Mobile >  
Email notifications >  
Web notifications >  
Muted accounts >  
Profile >  
Design >

1. From the **Settings** menu click **Password**.

Password  
Change your password or recover your current one.

Current password

[Forgot your password?](#)

New password

Verify password

Save changes

2. Enter your current password.  
3. Enter your new password.  
4. Verify your new password.  
5. Click **Save changes**.

## Security and Privacy

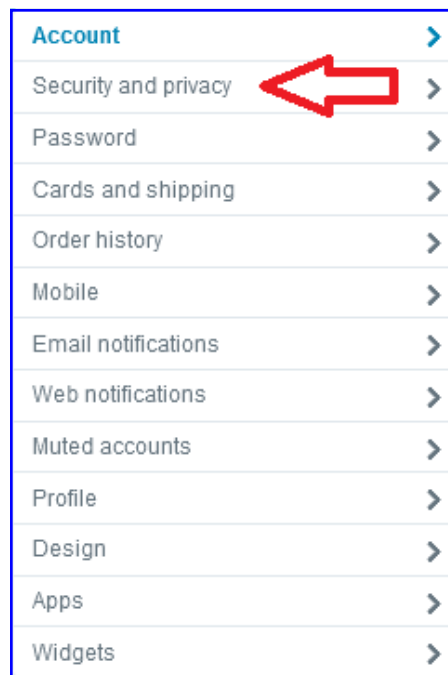
Security and privacy settings are available from the settings menu.

### Login Verification

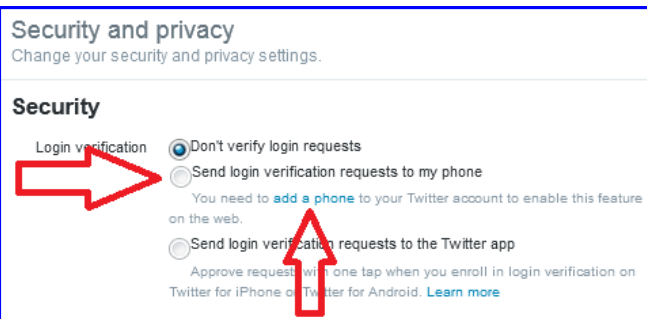
**Login verification** from Twitter is an effective means to prevent and identify attempted compromises to your Twitter profile. Whenever you access your Twitter account and pass the initial username/password test, Twitter will hold continued access until an unlock code is correctly entered.

Twitter sends the unlock code as a text message to the mobile telephone number you entered when you established your account or, if one is not on file, Twitter will ask you to enter one. Providing Twitter with a telephone number creates another vulnerability which presents a separate issue. See the included section entitled **Discoverability**.

### Settings: Phone Number is NOT Already On File\*

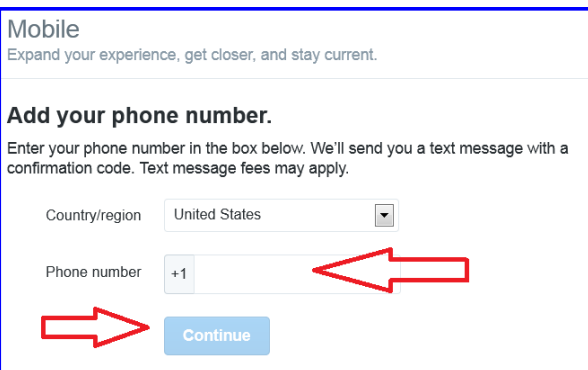


1. Click **Security and privacy**.

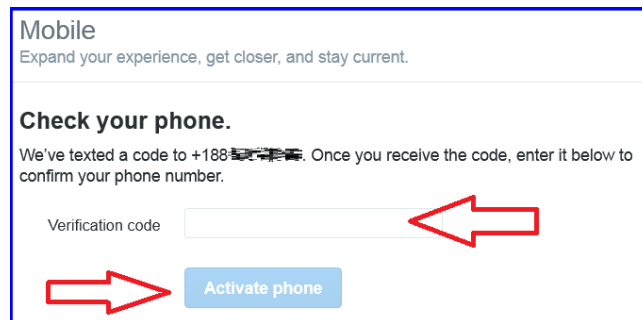


2. Click **add a phone**.

**Warning—If you use login verification and retire the telephone number without first updating the default number in Twitter, you will likely lock yourself out of your Twitter account. Twitter Support may be able to help you.**

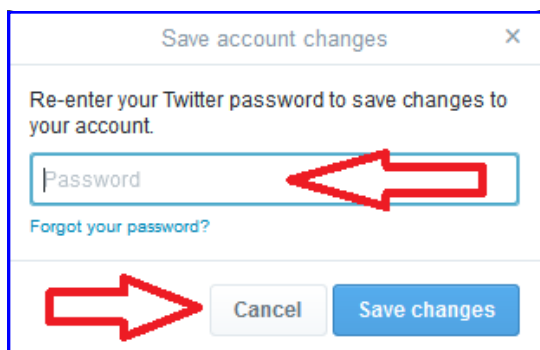


3. Enter the phone number at which you want to receive **login verifications**.
4. Click **Continue**.

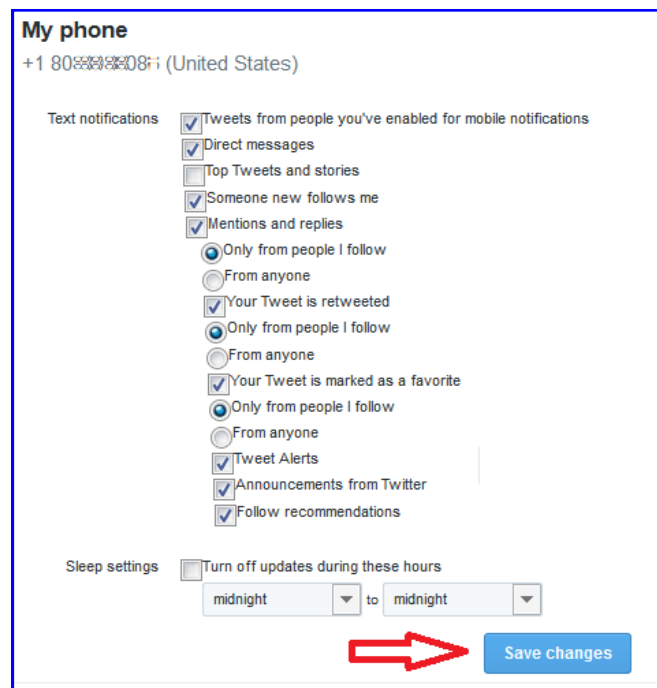


5. Check phone for text message from Twitter.
6. Enter the verification code you receive and click **Activate phone**.

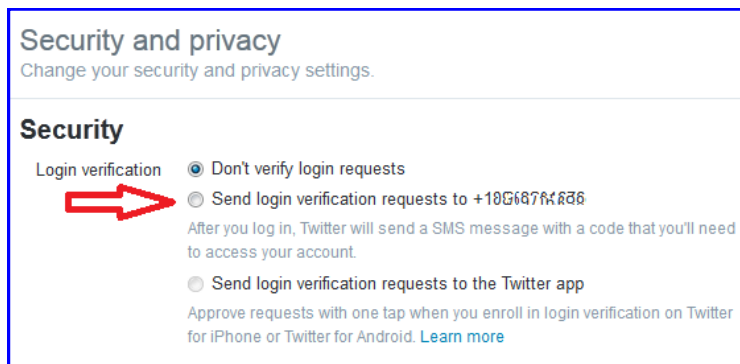
\* If a phone number is on file it will appear next to **Send verification logins to...** Otherwise, no phone is on file.



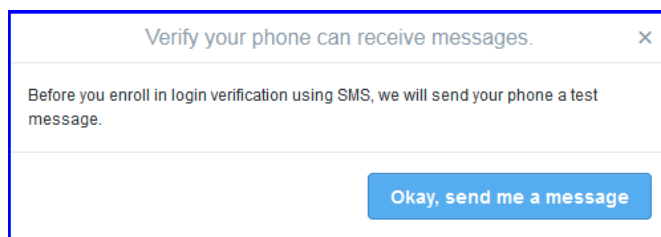
7. Enter your Twitter password to verify your identity.
8. Click **Save changes**.
9. Make selections here according to personal preferences. The more boxes you check the more text message notifications you will receive.
10. Click **Save changes**.
11. Phone registration is complete. Continue to **Settings: If Phone Number is Already On File**.\*



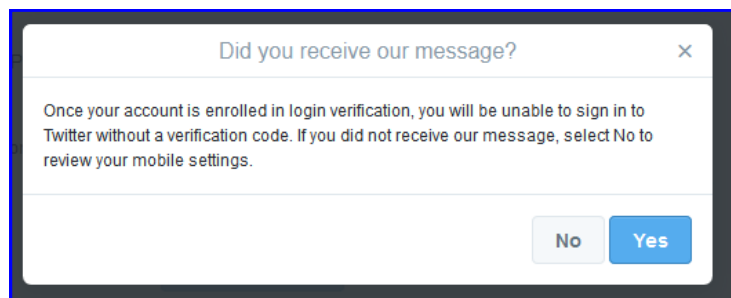
## Settings: If Phone Number is Already On File\*



1. Click the button opposite **Send login verification requests to...**



2. Click **Okay, send me a message**.



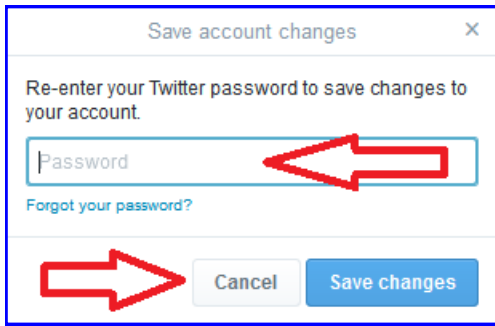
3. Click **No** if you did not receive a text message.

Click **Yes** if you did receive a text message.

**WARNING—If you click Yes, indicating you received a text message from Twitter, when no text message was received or if the text message was unreadable, you could lock yourself out of your Twitter account forever! Twitter Support may be able to help you.**

\* If a phone number is on file it will appear next to **Send verification logins to...** Otherwise, no phone is on file.





Save account changes

Re-enter your Twitter password to save changes to your account.

Password

[Forgot your password?](#)

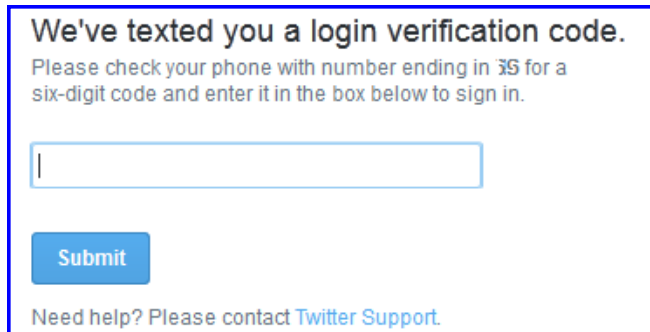
Cancel Save changes

4. Enter your Twitter password to verify your identity.
5. Click **Save Changes**.

## Using Login Verification

Once enrolled in **Login Verification**, any future attempts to login to Twitter will be stopped until the verification code sent to the phone of record is entered.

Therefore, any unexpected **login verification** text messages you receive probably indicate someone is trying to compromise your Twitter account.



We've texted you a login verification code.

Please check your phone with number ending in 35 for a six-digit code and enter it in the box below to sign in.

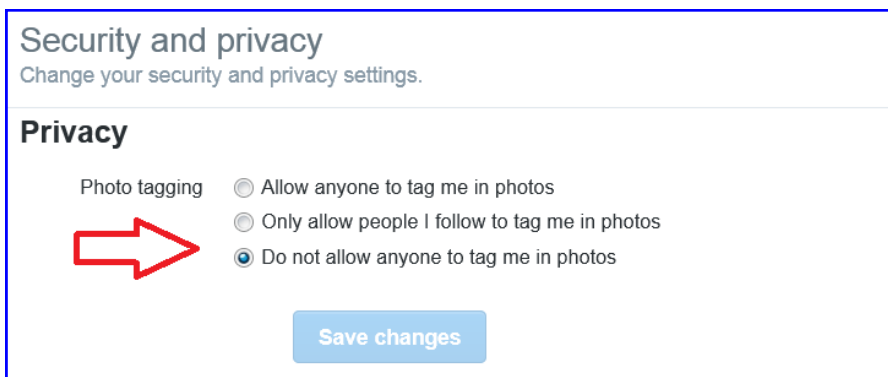
Submit

Need help? Please contact [Twitter Support](#).

## Photo Tagging

Photo tagging is a feature common to many social networking sites that facilitates the fast and easy sharing of images in which you are pictured. This makes it easier for other Twitter users and your Twitter followers to locate you and participate in social exchanges. Image tagging, however, can be used to associate you with images you are not even in and unpleasant images you do not ever want to be associated with.

**Photo tagging** by anyone other than you should be prevented.



Security and privacy

Change your security and privacy settings.

Privacy

Photo tagging

☐ Allow anyone to tag me in photos

☐ Only allow people I follow to tag me in photos

☒ Do not allow anyone to tag me in photos

Save changes

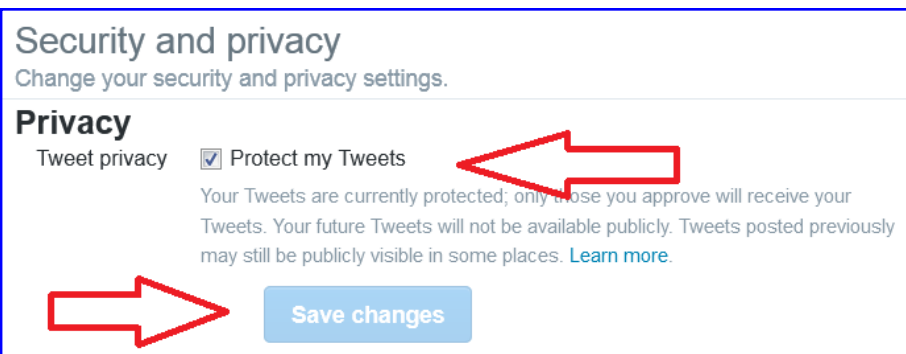
1. From the **Security and privacy** menu select **Do not allow anyone to tag me in photos**.
2. Click **Save changes**.

## Protect My Tweets\*

By default, all of your Tweets are available to every Twitter user and, because Twitter content is available in most search engines, to most Internet users whether they are Twitter users or not. You can limit who sees your Tweets by changing the default setting to **Protect my Tweets**.

Protecting your Tweets has far reaching security benefits, such as

- All prior Tweets are protected.\*
- People will have to request to follow you before they can view your Tweets.
- You will be required to approve every follower request before they can view your Tweets.
- Other users will not be able to retweet your Tweets.
- Protected Tweets do not appear in search engines.



The screenshot shows the 'Security and privacy' settings page. Under the 'Privacy' section, the 'Tweet privacy' is set to 'Protect my Tweets', which is indicated by a red arrow pointing to the checked checkbox. Below this, a text box explains that tweets are protected and only approved followers can see them. At the bottom, a red arrow points to the 'Save changes' button.

1. From the **Security and privacy** menu click **Protect my Tweets**.
2. Click **Save Changes**.

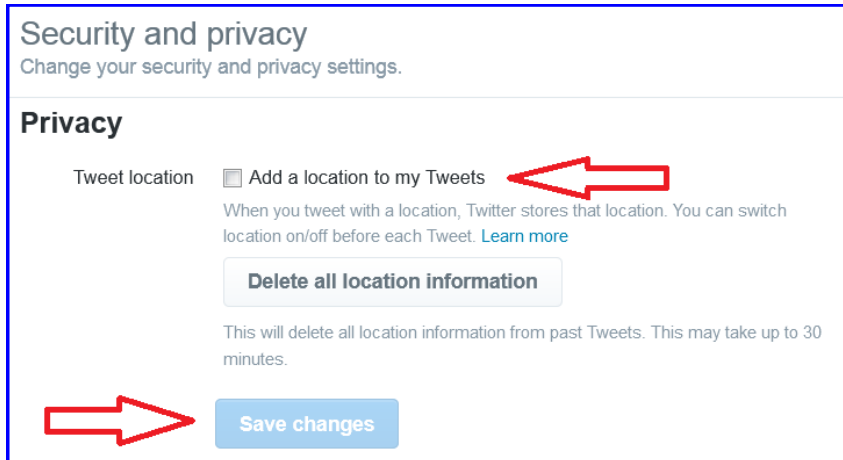
## Tweet Location Privacy\*

Twitter uses several means to capture your physical location. The location information Twitter captures oftentimes is accurate to within a few feet. Tweet location is **OFF** (unchecked) by default and should be left **OFF**.

If it Tweet location is turned on it should be turned off (unchecked) and **Delete all location information** executed.

1. Uncheck **Add a location to my Tweets**.
2. Click **Delete all location information**.
3. Click **Save Changes**.

**Deleting location information could take several minutes to complete depending upon how extensively you have used Twitter.**



The screenshot shows the 'Security and privacy' settings page. Under the 'Privacy' section, the 'Tweet location' is set to 'Add a location to my Tweets', which is indicated by a red arrow pointing to the unchecked checkbox. Below this, a text box explains that location information is stored and can be switched on/off. A button labeled 'Delete all location information' is visible. At the bottom, a red arrow points to the 'Save changes' button.

\* Tweets already indexed by search engines, or location information already captured by third party websites, will persist for an indefinite period of time.

## Discoverability

### Let Others Find Me by My Email Address and

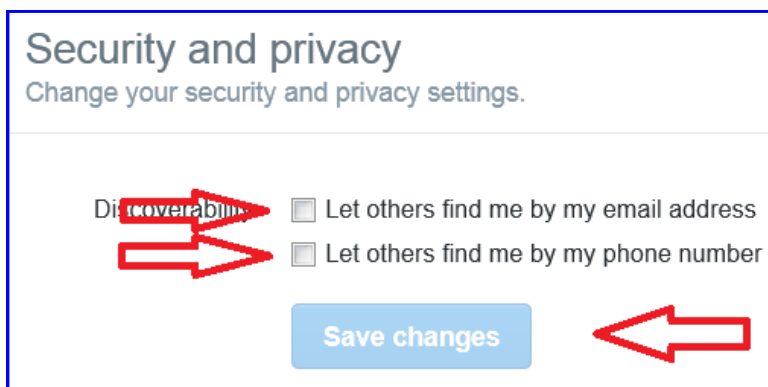
### Let Others Find Me by My Phone Number

In order to create a Twitter account, users **must** provide a valid email address. The email address is verified when Twitter sends an email with a link the user must click in order to demonstrate the validity of the email address!

If you have enabled **Login Verification** using text messaging, then you have provided Twitter with your telephone number or perhaps you provided Twitter with your phone number when you created your account.

Regardless of how Twitter obtained your email or telephone number, it could be possible for any Twitter user to locate your profile using only your email address or telephone number. This option should be turned off for both

*This small step of validation should not be interpreted to mean that Twitter user's identities are properly vetted. Anyone can use any of many free email providers to create a "single use" email thereby creating circular verification - a fake email address is used to verify a fake social media account.*



1. Uncheck **Let others find me by my email address**.
2. Uncheck **Let others find me by my phone number**.
3. Click **Save changes**.

Return to [Social Networking Safety Tips](#)

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